

Let's Talk About Maps!

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Liz Fraley

I love creating connections with people and sharing knowledge.



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Get the slides: bit.ly/bdug-fraley-202108

- BS Computer Science, BA and MA English
- Founder of two companies
- Board member for 3 non-profit, public service organizations
- Named *Content Experience Top 25 Influencer* (2017)
- President STC Silicon Valley, STC Assoc. Fellow (2020), DEIAP committee, Website Task Force, ACM Senior Member
- Creator of the TC Camp Unconference
- Creator of four web series
 - Room 42 - public service project highlighting academic research to practitioners
 - TC Dojo (user-driven webinars) (10 years, 150+ webinars, 3000+ attendees)
 - Arbortext Monster Garage (advanced techniques, community led)
 - Arbortext On-Demand (video training)
- Provides active support for the Arbortext user groups (Meetup, Facebook, LinkedIn) and Arbortext Users Code Repository
- Papers and Books:
 - Beyond Theory: Making Single-Sourcing Work (ACM SIGDOC 2003)
 - Arbortext 101 (configuration best practices)
 - Arbortext 102 (stylesheet best practices)
 - Adding Custom Actions to oxygenXML Frameworks



@singlesourcing



Who We Are

- Founded: 2004
- Training, Mentoring in DITA, XML, Structured Authoring
- Arbortext Users and Implementers
- Creators of numerous public works projects like the Arbortext Monster Garage, the TC Dojo, Room 42, and TC Camp
- Authors of a growing Arbortext book series.

www.single-sourcing.com

I'm here to *talk* about maps
not *present* about them.

Quick Poll

How do you use maps?

1. Deliverable
2. Division
3. Key Management
4. Procedures
5. All of the above
6. Other.....Please Specify

Do you create the map first
or the topics first?



Most [*] equate maps with deliverables

2. About topics and maps < ^ v >

A DITA document is necessarily modular. The information unit used to compose a DITA document is called a *topic*. As its name suggests, a topic addresses a single subject.

The overall contents of a DITA document are specified using a *topic map* (also simply called a *map*). A map mainly contains a hierarchy of topic references.

DITA maps

Know what DITA maps are and how to work with them in FrameMaker.

A DITA map allows you to organize DITA topics in a hierarchical structure. You can then create output for your organized content using different output formats.

Purpose of ditamap files

DITA map files are used for defining the topics of a publication, specifying the topic sequence, and controlling linking between topics.

DITA map (or *ditamap*) files have three primary purposes:

Topic Manifest

To define the topics to be processed into the output publication.

Hierarchy Definition

To define the sequence and hierarchy of topics and other navigation pathways (such as breadcrumbs).

Linking Relationships

To define the relationships between topics such as cross-references and glossary entries.

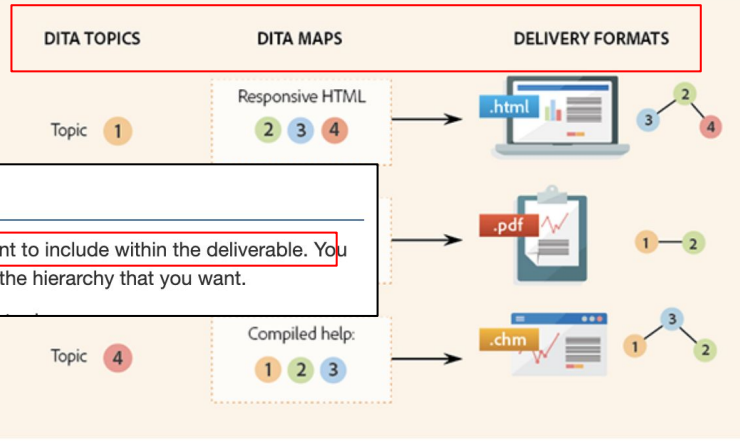
A map has two main components: the hierarchy of topics (of one or more topics) and the sequence of topics (of one or more topics). Both are primarily made of *topic references*.

A *ditamap* file is not a topic: it contains no content. It is, however, a type of DITA XML file. A *ditamap* file can also contain publication- or output-specific metadata.

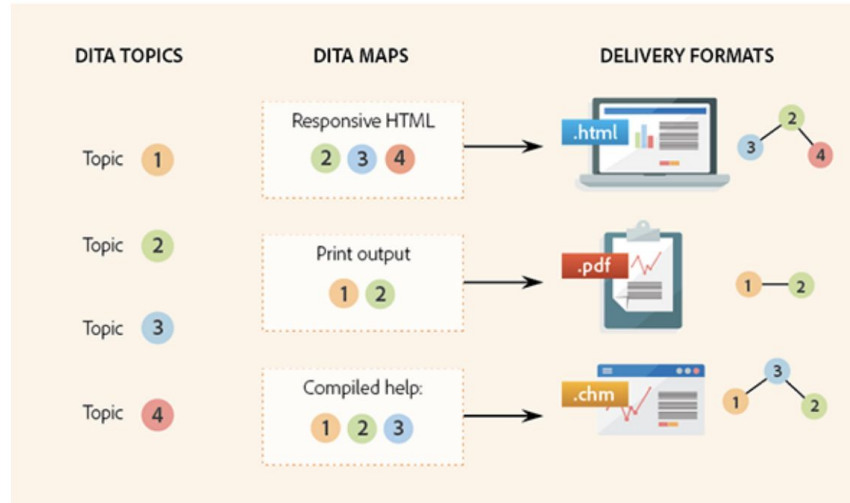
You can create as many ditamaps as you need. For example, you might create one map file for your *Supara Impress XRW Owner's Manual*, another for the *Supara Impress XR Owner's Manual*, and another for the *Supara Impress Web site*.

Structure of a DITA Map

The DITA map has a `<topicref>` element for each topic that you want to include within the deliverable. You can nest `<topicref>` elements within `<topicref>` elements to create the hierarchy that you want.



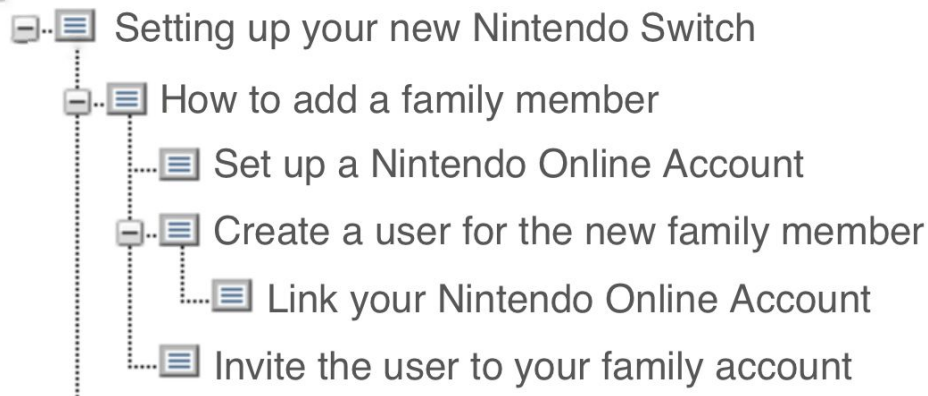
Yes, a map can represent a deliverable.



Structure Maps organize the order and hierarchy of a deliverable's division.



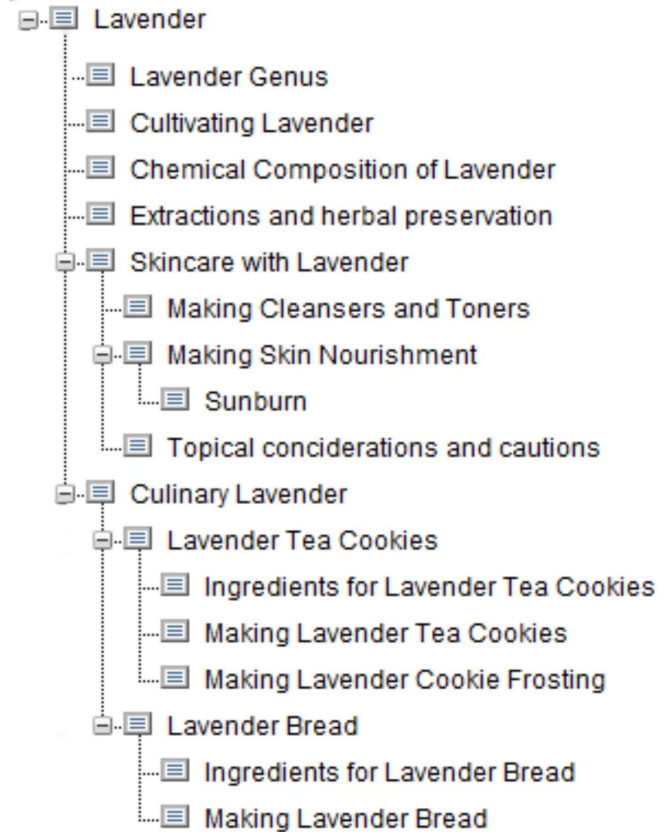
Procedures are sets of tasks (and maybe some concepts and reference topics), which makes them perfect candidates for maps.



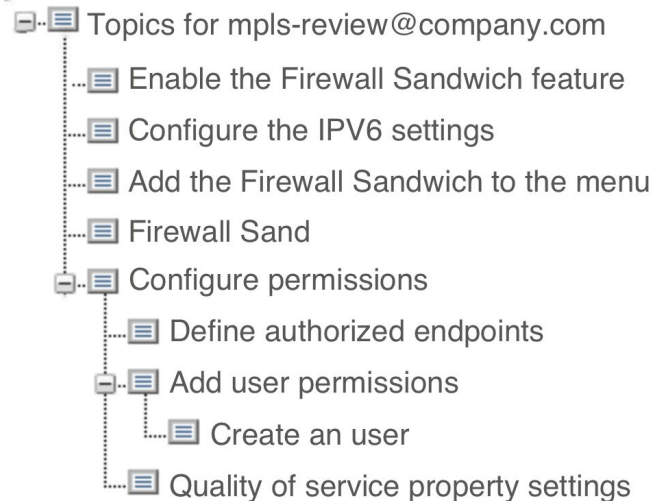
Key management maps encapsulate keys so you can define override and fall back behavior.



Subject Maps organize groups of things that are related, like all the topics necessary to completely document that new feature.



Maintenance maps are temporary, throwaway maps that serve a specific purpose at a specific point in time.





Who uses the reltable
and who still uses inline links?

Hello, reltable, Salesforce is done with inline linking.

Creating an Account-Account Partner Relationship

When you create a partner relationship between two accounts (when you create a `Partner` object and specify the `AccountFromId`), the API automatically creates two `AccountPartner` objects, one for the forward relationship and one for the reverse. For example, if you create a `Partner` object with "Acme, Inc." as the `AccountFromId` and "Acme Consulting" as the `AccountToId`, the API automatically creates two `AccountPartner` objects:

- The forward relationship `AccountPartner` with "Acme, Inc." as the `AccountFromId` and "Acme Consulting" as the `AccountToId`.
- The reverse relationship `AccountPartner` with "Acme Consulting" as the `AccountFromId` and "Acme, Inc." as the `AccountToId`.
- The value of the `Role` field in the reverse relationship `AccountPartner` is set to the `PartnerRole` object `ReverseRole` value associated with the value of the `Role` field in the forward relationship `AccountPartner`.

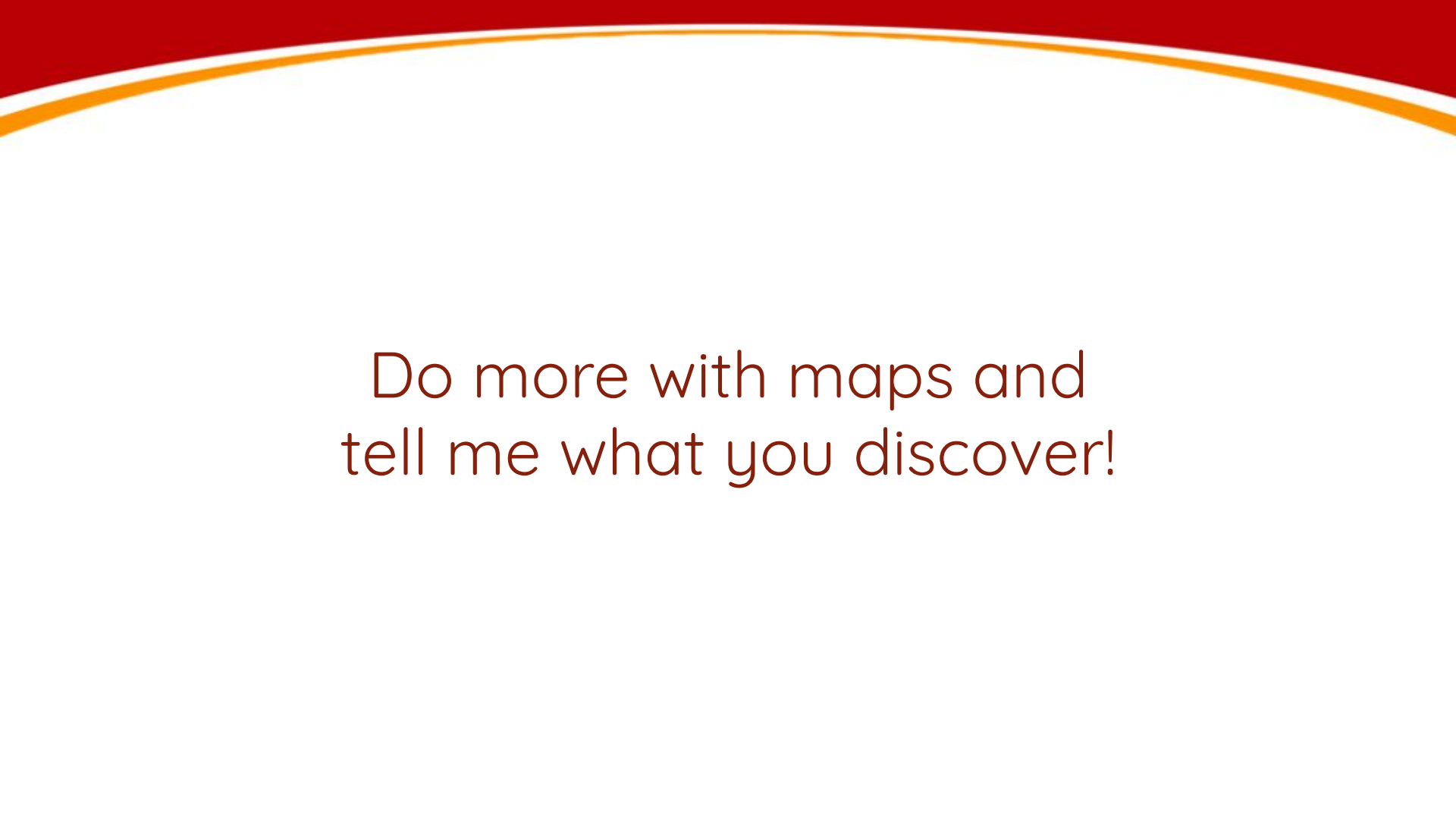
This mapping allows the API to manage the objects and their relationship efficiently.

See Also:

[Partner](#)
[OpportunityPartner](#)

Fields

Field	Field Type	Field Properties	Description
<code>AccountFromId</code>	reference	Filter	ID of the main Account in the partner relationship. For information on IDs, see ID Field Type .
<code>AccountToId</code>	reference	Filter	ID of the partner Account in the partner relationship.
<code>IsDeleted</code>	boolean	Defaulted on create Filter	Indicates whether the object has been moved to the Recycle Bin (<code>true</code>) or not (<code>false</code>). Label is Deleted .
<code>IsPrimary</code>	boolean	Defaulted on create Filter	Indicates whether the <code>AccountPartner</code> is the main account's primary partner (<code>true</code>) or not (<code>false</code>).
<code>Role</code>	picklist	Filter Nullable	The <code>UserRole</code> that the partner <code>Account</code> has on the main <code>Account</code> . For example, "Consultant" or "Distributor."



Do more with maps and
tell me what you discover!

Resources

Using Warehouse Files to Improve the Overall Findability of Your DITA Content (2020)

<https://bit.ly/fraley-bdug-warehouse>

How to Identify DITA Topic Types (like a ninja) (2018)

<https://bit.ly/fraley-bdug-ninja>

Get your [bleep] together...with DITA maps (Tracy Baker, 2017)

<https://bit.ly/tcdojo-bdug-maps>

Working with DITA Maps in Arbortext (2015)

<https://bit.ly/fraley-bdug-atxmaps>

Herding Tigers – How Salesforce Let Go of Inline Links (2014)

<https://bit.ly/dojo-bdug-salesforce>

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The right amount of help, right when you need it